

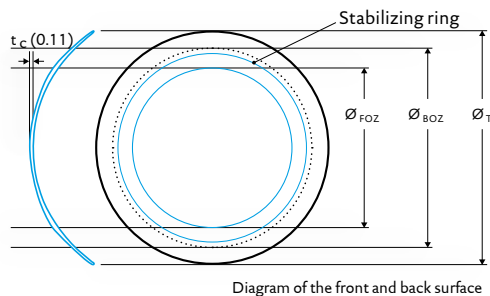
# PRODUCT INFORMATION

wöhlk SOFT 55 | UV PROTECTION

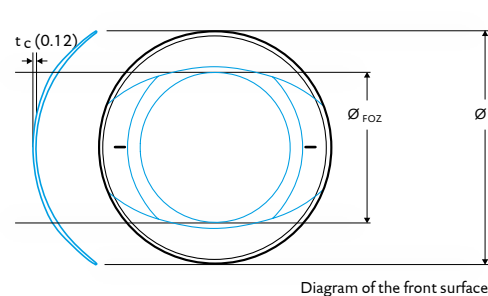
## MATERIAL

PAMA	water content 50%	Dk 20 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>	handlingstint blue	UV Protection	non ionic
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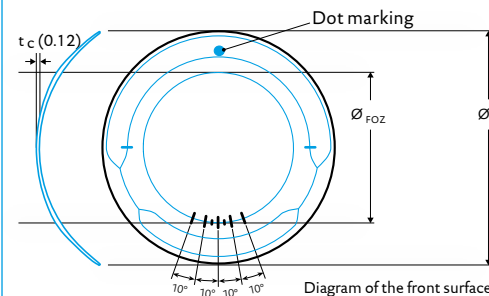
## wöhlk SOFT 55



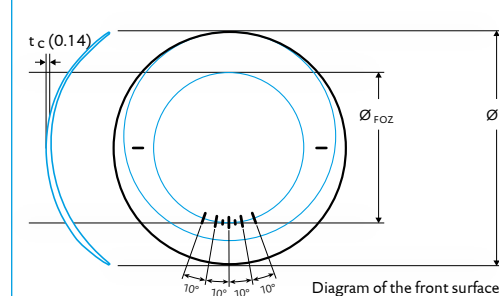
## wöhlk SOFT 55 TDS



## wöhlk SOFT 55 TD



## wöhlk SOFT 55 TP



## CHARACTERISTICS

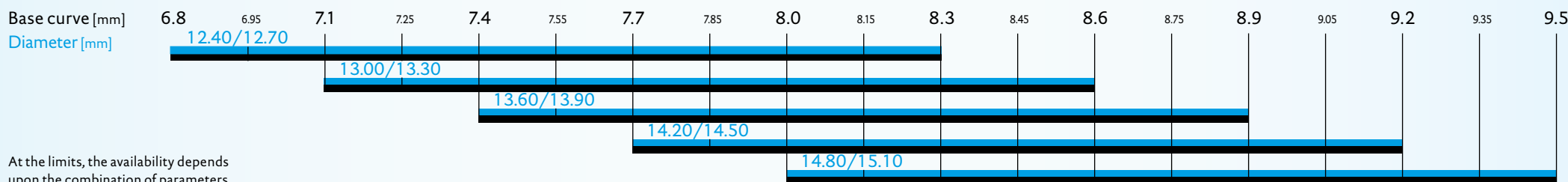
Bi-curved back surface with two spheric curves and an aspheric edge profile. Lenticular transitional area from the FOZ to the edge with a slight stabilisation ring on the front surface.

The back surface is similar to the spheric wöhlk SOFT 55. Front surface toric and dynamically symmetrical stabilizing (double slab off) with aspheric edge profile.

The back surface is similar to the spheric wöhlk SOFT 55. Toric on the front surface and dynamically decentred stabilizing with an aspheric edge profile.

The back surface is similar to the spheric wöhlk SOFT 55. Toric on the front surface and prismatically stabilizing with an aspheric edge profile.

## AVAILABLE RANGE



Sphere [D]	-25	-0.25 +0.25																		+25
Cylinder [D]		-0.50 to -6.00 (0.25)						-0.50 to -6.00 (0.25)						-0.50 to -6.00 (0.25)						
Axis [degrees]		1° to 180° (1°)						1° to 180° (1°)						1° to 180° (1°)						
Prism [cm/m]														Standard 1.5			Increased 2.0			

# PRODUCT INFORMATION

wöhlk SOFT 55 | UV PROTECTION



wöhlk contactlinsen

Made in Germany

## wöhlk SOFT 55

## wöhlk SOFT 55 TDS

## wöhlk SOFT 55 TD

## wöhlk SOFT 55 TP

### CHOOSING THE RIGHT LENS

**Diameter:** Diameter of cornea + 1.5 mm  
(depends upon height of palpebral fissure,  
small = round down / large = round up)

**Base curve:**  $\Delta r$  = Difference in radii of cornea  
 $\Delta r \leq 0.5$ : Add 0.4 to the mean value of the corneal radii  
 $\Delta r > 0.5$ : Add 0.6 to the mean value of the corneal radii

**Please note:**  
For positive Power, round BC down to available value.  
For negative Power, round BC up to available value.

**Power:** Sphere + 1/2 Cylinder for CVD = 0

**Diameter:** Diameter of cornea + 2.0 mm  
(depends upon height of palpebral fissure,  
small = round down / large = round up)

**Base curve:**  $\Delta r$  = Difference in radii of cornea  
 $\Delta r \leq 0.5$ : Add 0.4 to the mean value of the corneal radii  
 $\Delta r > 0.5$ : Add 0.6 to the mean value of the corneal radii

**Please note:**  
For positive Power, round BC down to available value.  
For negative Power, round BC up to available value.

**Power:** Convert both main sections to CVD = 0

**Diameter:** Diameter of cornea + 2.0 mm  
(depends upon height of palpebral fissure,  
small = round down / large = round up)

**Base curve:**  $\Delta r$  = Difference in radii of cornea  
 $\Delta r \leq 0.5$ : Add 0.4 to the mean value of the corneal radii  
 $\Delta r > 0.5$ : Add 0.6 to the mean value of the corneal radii

**Please note:**  
For positive Power, round BC down to available value.  
For negative Power, round BC up to available value.

**Power:** Convert both main sections to CVD = 0

Put on dot mark at 90° (top)

**Diameter:** Diameter of cornea + 1.5 mm  
(depends upon height of palpebral fissure,  
small = round down / large = round up)

**Base curve:**  $\Delta r$  = Difference in radii of cornea  
 $\Delta r \leq 0.5$ : Add 0.4 to the mean value of the corneal radii  
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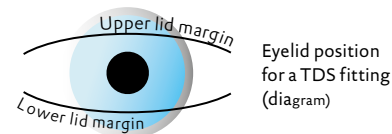
**Please note:**  
For positive Power, round BC down to available value.  
For negative Power, round BC up to available value.

**Power:** Convert both main sections to CVD = 0  
Recommended for Cylinder up to -3.0 D

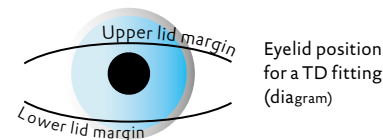
### USE

- 1 For spheric ametropia or weaker total astigmatism  $\leq 0.5$  D
- 2 For optimal and individual fitting, centering and movement

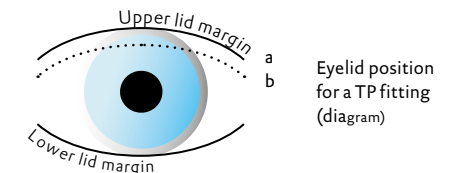
- 1 For total astigmatism  $> 0.5$  D
- 2 For normal to close palpebral fissures
- 3 Symmetrical position & height of eyelids
- 4 For high eyelid tension
- 5 For average to high cylindrical values
- 6 For high ametropia (low center thickness)
- 7 If larger diameter contact lenses are needed (low center thickness)
- 8 For combinations from that



- 1 For total astigmatism  $> 0.5$  D
- 2 For normal to close palpebral fissures
- 3 Low upper eyelid
- 4 Normally positioned lower eyelid
- 5 For high eyelid tension
- 6 For average to high cylindrical values
- 7 For high ametropia (low center thickness)
- 8 If larger diameter contact lenses are needed (low center thickness)
- 9 For combinations from that



- 1 For total astigmatism  $> 0.5$  D
- 2 For large to wide palpebral fissures
- 3 For high to normal upper eyelids
- 4 Normal to low lower eyelids
- 5 For low eyelid tension
- 6 For low to average cylindrical values (recommended for Cylinder up to -3 D)
- 7 If low diameter contact lenses are necessary
- 8 For combinations from that



### ESPECIALLY RECOMMENDED FOR

► very quick stabilization

► very constant stabilization

► particularly comfortable